# USTR 2008 "SPECIAL 301" DECISIONS

## IIPA 2006-2007 ESTIMATED TRADE LOSSES DUE TO COPYRIGHT PIRACY

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

and 2006-2007 ESTIMATED LEVELS OF COPYRIGHT PIRACY

## THE AMERICAS

![Image]

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### Endnotes:

1 BSA's 2007 statistics are preliminary. They represent the U.S. software publishers' share of software piracy losses in the country, and follow the methodology compiled in the Fourth Annual BSA and IDC Global Software Piracy Study (May 2007), available at [http://w3.bsa.org/globalstudy/](http://w3.bsa.org/globalstudy/). These figures cover, in addition to business applications software, computer applications such as operating systems, consumer applications such as PC gaming, personal finance, and reference software. BSA's 2006 piracy statistics were preliminary at the time of IIPA's February 12, 2007 Special 301 filing and were finalized in June 2007.

2 MPAA's trade losses and piracy levels for 2006 and 2007 are not available. Details regarding MPAA's methodology for 2005 and prior years are found in Appendix B of the 2008 IIPA submission.

3 ESA's reported dollar figures reflect the value of pirate product present in the marketplace as distinguished from definitive industry "losses." ESA's methodology is described in Appendix B of IIPA's submission. Several piracy rate estimates included for 2006 in this report (for Chile, Colombia, Hungary and Paraguay) reflect only the piracy rate for handheld products – which may differ from and often underestimate.

4 Paraguay: RIAA reports that its estimated losses to the records and music industry include both domestic piracy in Paraguay and estimated losses caused by transshipment.